

January 2026: Conditional Position Analysis (CPA) Implementation – LOSOM

Water Resources & Systems Modeling Bureau, Systems Modeling Unit
SFWMD

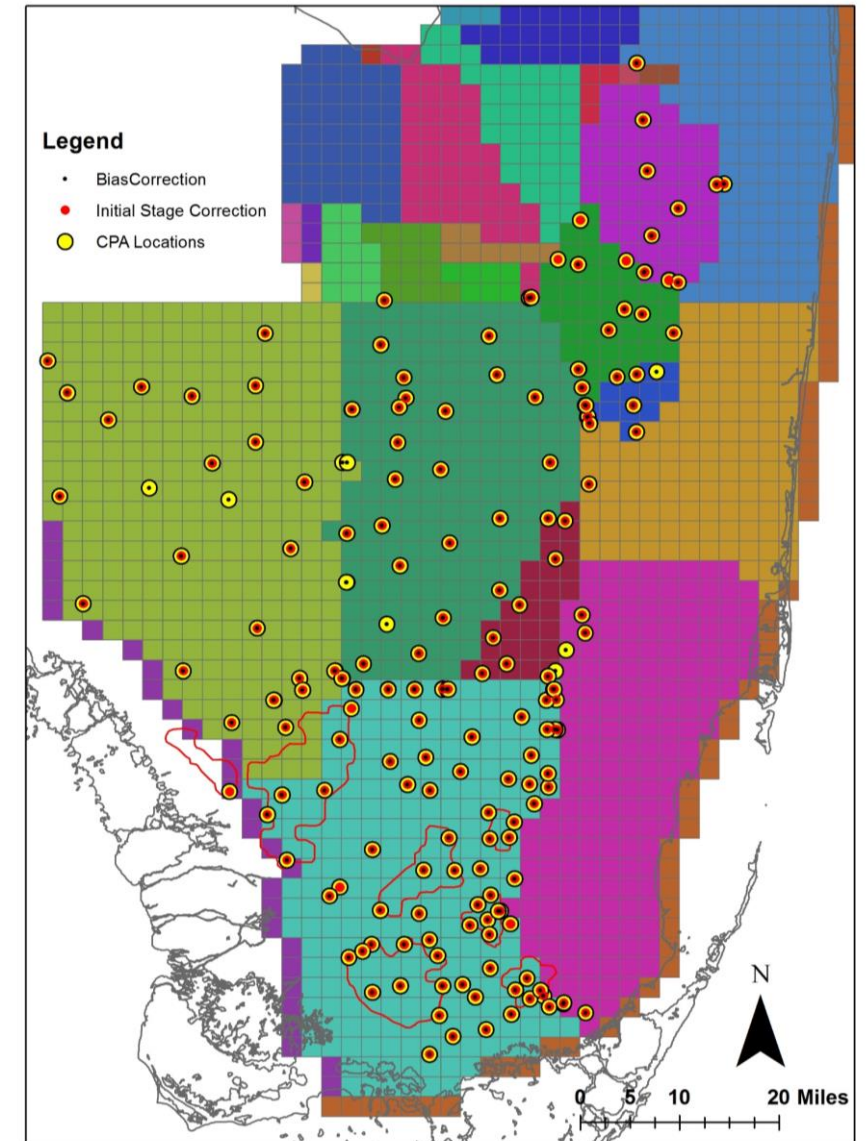


CPA Overview



- CPA is a stochastic framework ([CPA Overview](#)) that transforms stages obtained from Dynamic Position Analysis (DPA) based on forecasted rainfall conditions over the next twelve months (Ali, 2016).
- CPA depends on DPA - DPA stage outputs are used as inputs to CPA ([DPA](#)).
- 3 rainfall outlook scenarios (climatological, CPC, and Preferred Scenario) are used to compare potential stage outlooks.
- CPA is implemented for 200 locations in the Everglades including Lake Okeechobee. Additionally, CPA was implemented for WCA1Avg (avg of Site 7, Site 8T, and Site 9) and WCA3AAvg (avg of Site 63, Site 64, and Site 65) stages (Khare et al., 2024).

Conditional Position Analysis (CPA) Gage Locations



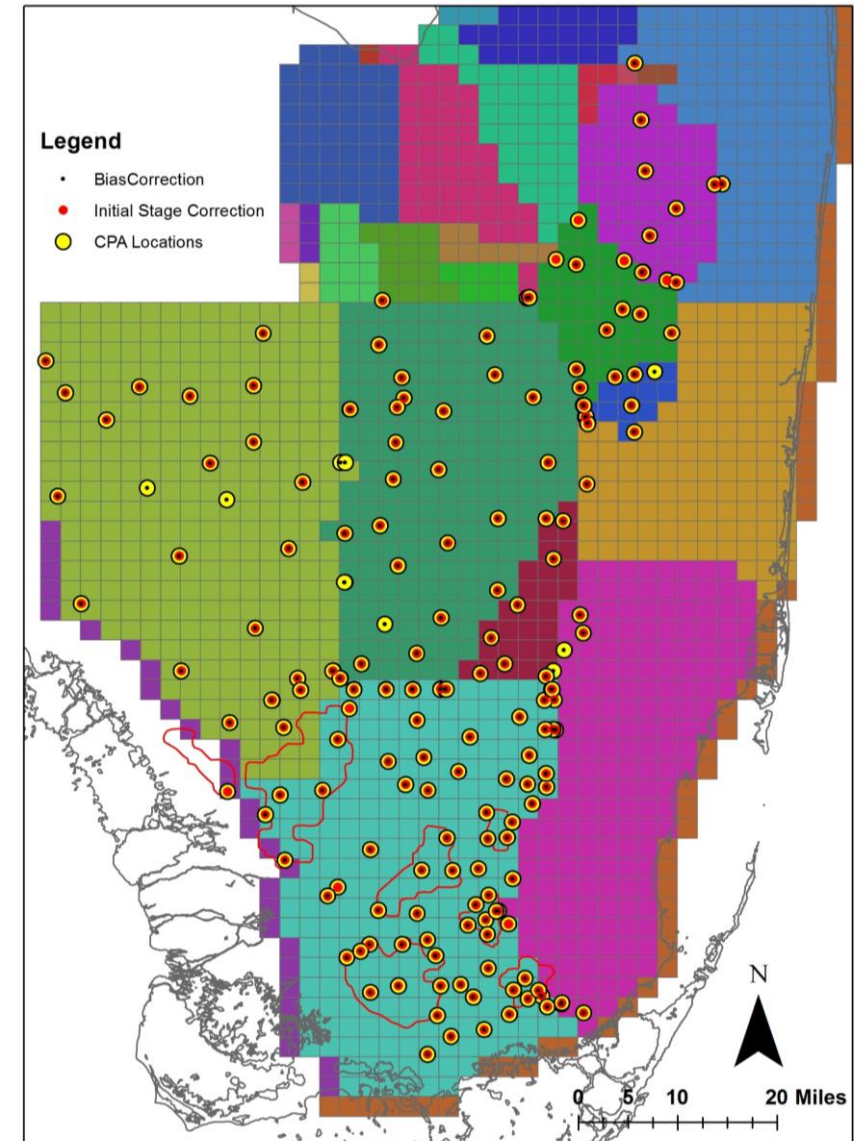
CPA Overview



➤ CPA Outputs

- CPA forecasted stage percentiles from 'Climatological' scenario are first collapsed on DPA stage percentiles. Corresponding adjustments are then applied to stage percentile lines for all other rainfall scenarios.

Conditional Position Analysis (CPA) Gage Locations





CPA: Rainfall Scenarios



➤ Climatological

- Climatological scenario assumes equal chances of below-normal/dry, normal, and above-normal/wet rainfall conditions over next twelve 3 monthly seasons (slide 5).
- This scenario is the connecting link between DPA and all other scenarios simulated under CPA.

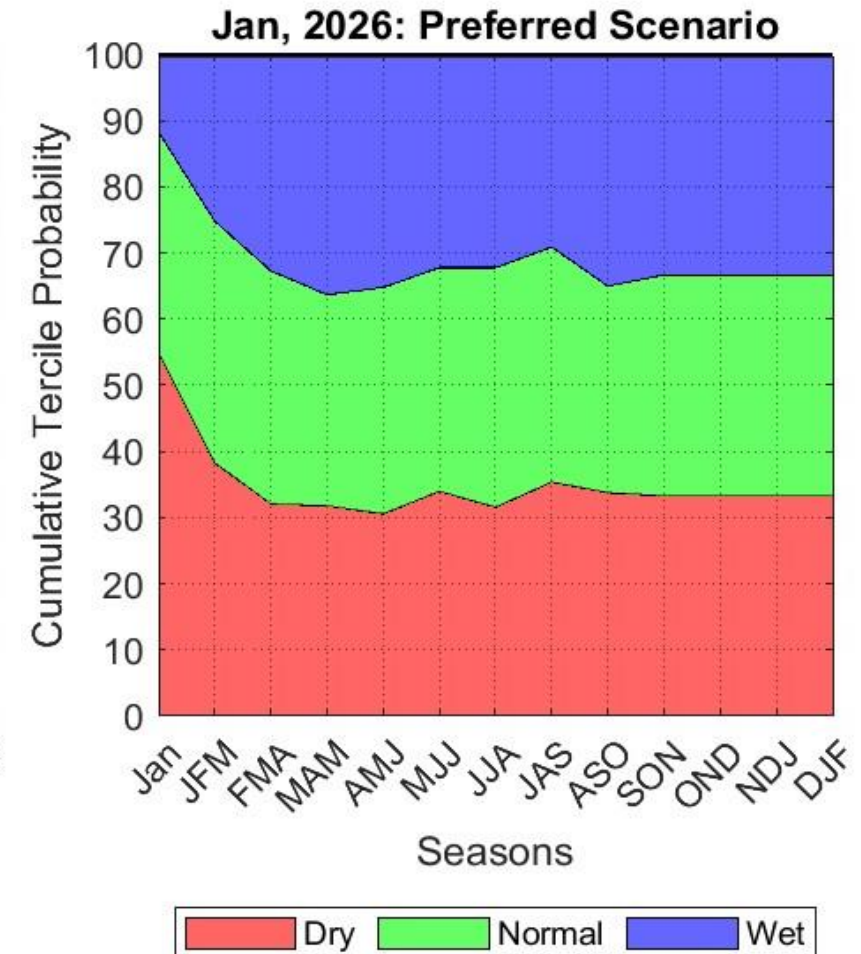
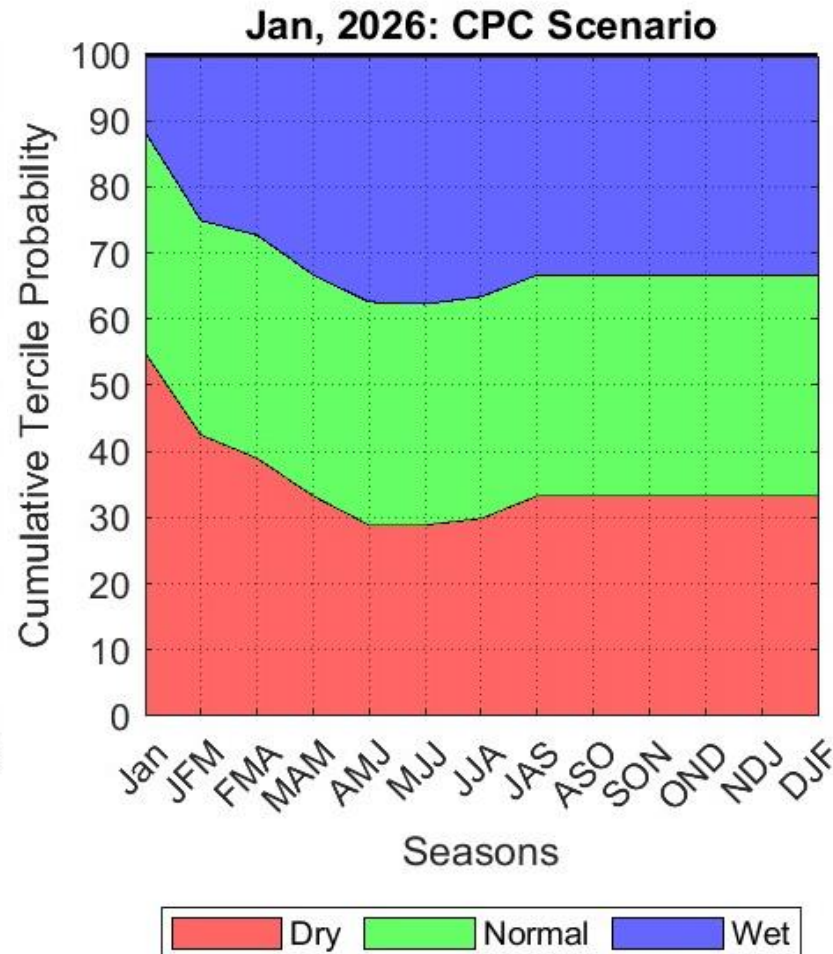
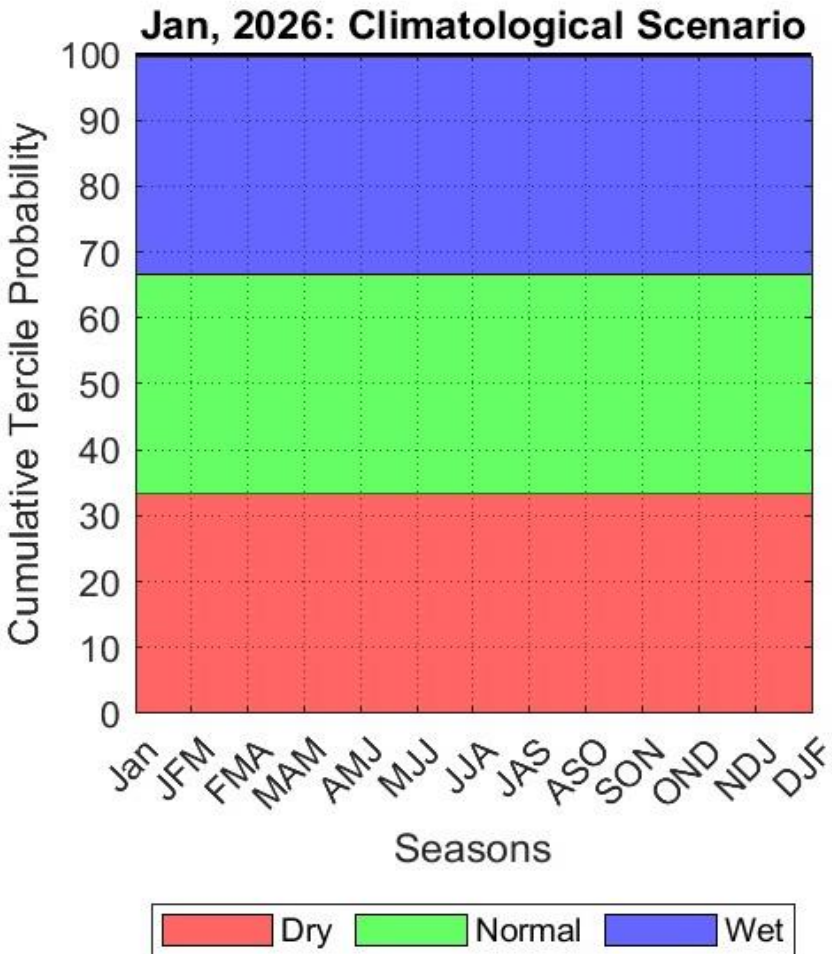
➤ CPC

- This is based on official rainfall forecasts published by NOAA's Climate Prediction Center (CPC) every month ([Climate Prediction Center - Forecasts & Outlook Maps, Graphs and tables \(noaa.gov\)](https://www.noaa.gov/climate-prediction-center/forecasts-outlook-maps-graphs-tables)).
- It is also used by JEM's EverForecast tool for stage prediction.

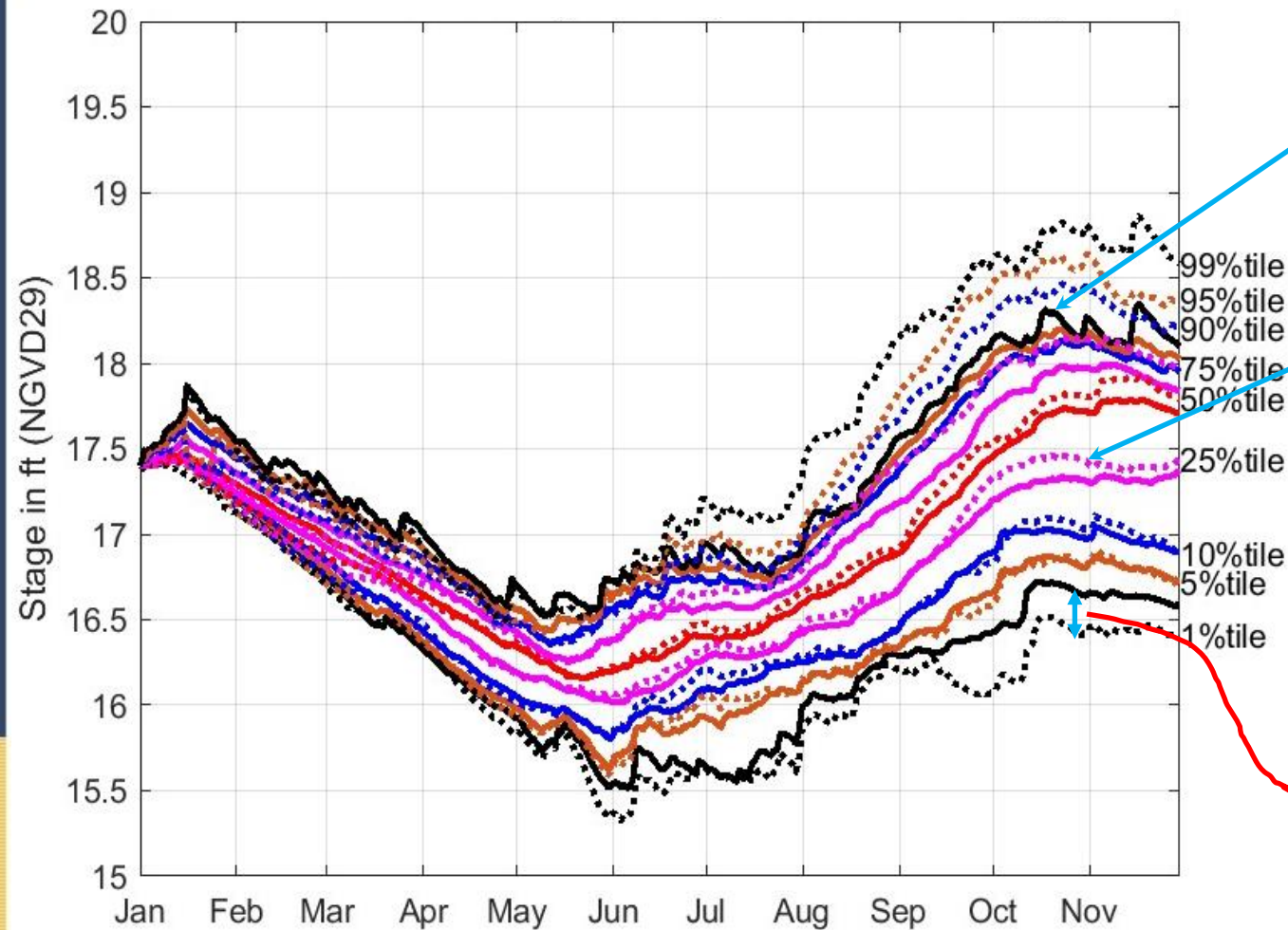
➤ Preferred Scenario (PrefSce)

- Seasonal rainfall probabilities are calculated based on historical data and projected Niño-3.4 Index ([Climate Prediction Center - El Nino Southern Oscillation \(noaa.gov\)](https://www.noaa.gov/climate-prediction-center/el-nino-southern-oscillation)) published by CPC.
- This scenario developed by System Modeling Unit ([PrefSce Overview](#)) represents a best professional judgement rainfall outlook.

January 2026 CPA: Rainfall Scenarios



CPA: Key to Reading Results



Solid lines → Climatological Scenario/DPA

Dotted lines → Alternative Rainfall Scenario

Black lines → 1% and 99%
Brown lines → 5% and 95%
Blue lines → 10% and 90%
Pink lines → 25% and 75%
Red lines → 50%

**Need to focus on how
DPA percentile lines
shift under Alternate
Rainfall Scenario**



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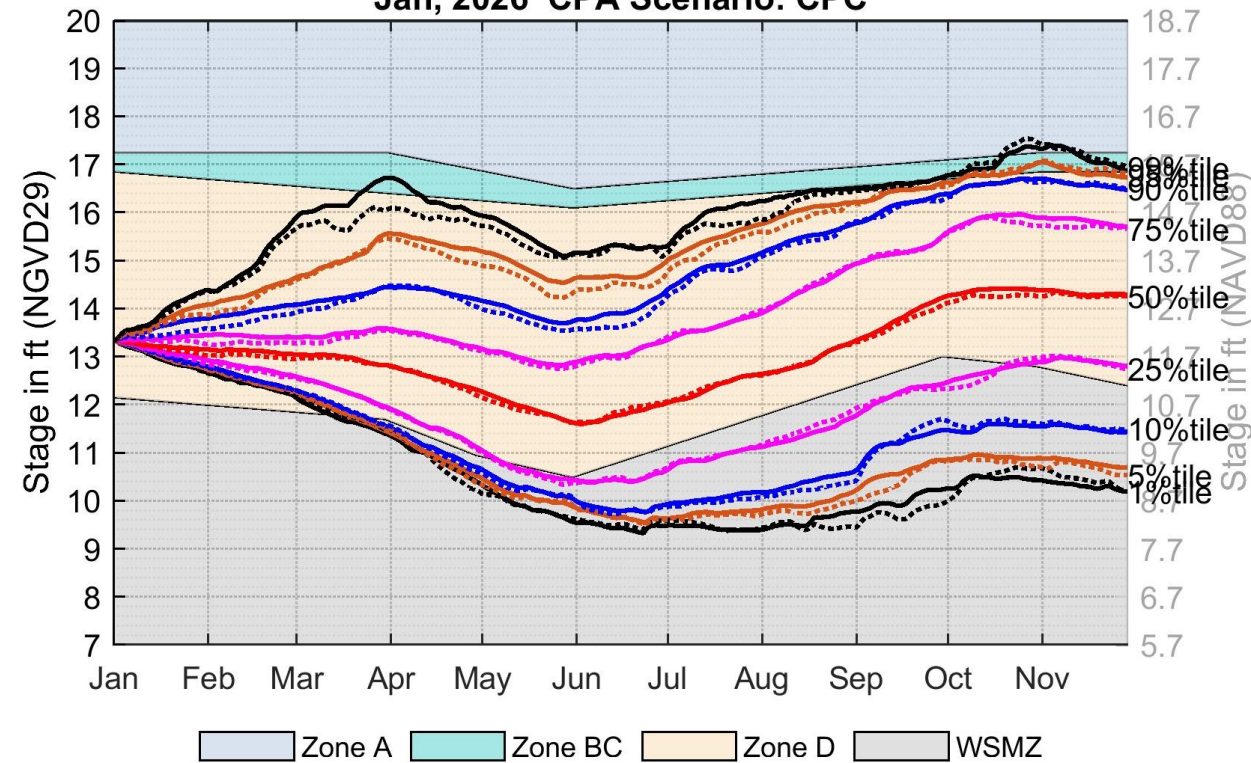
January 2026 CPA: LOK



CPC

LOK

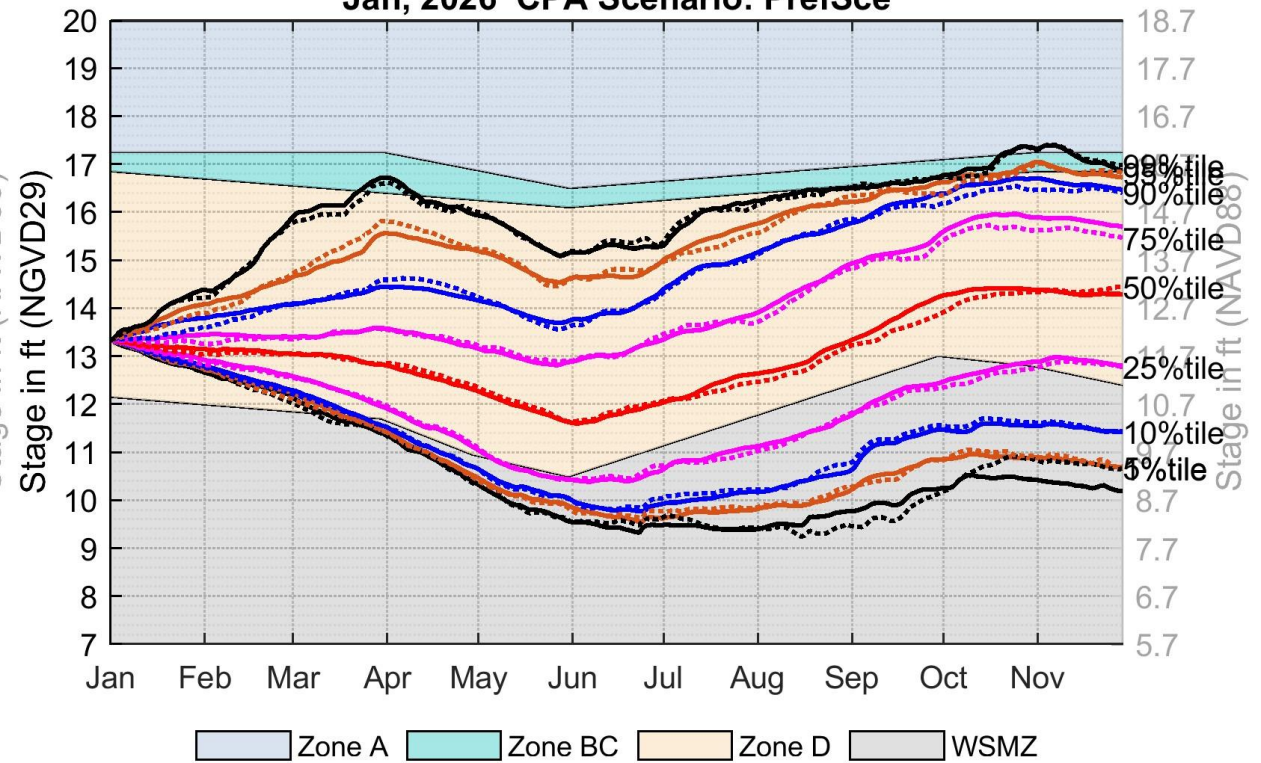
Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC



PrefSce

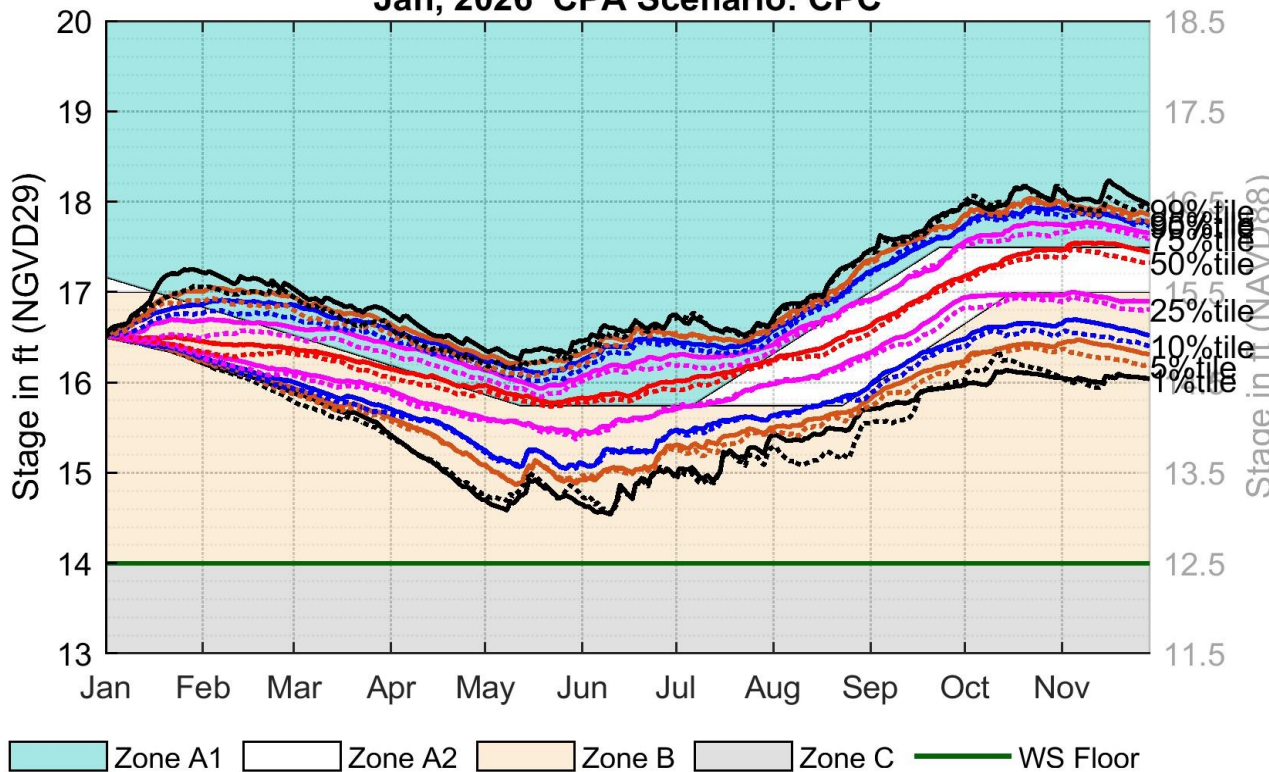
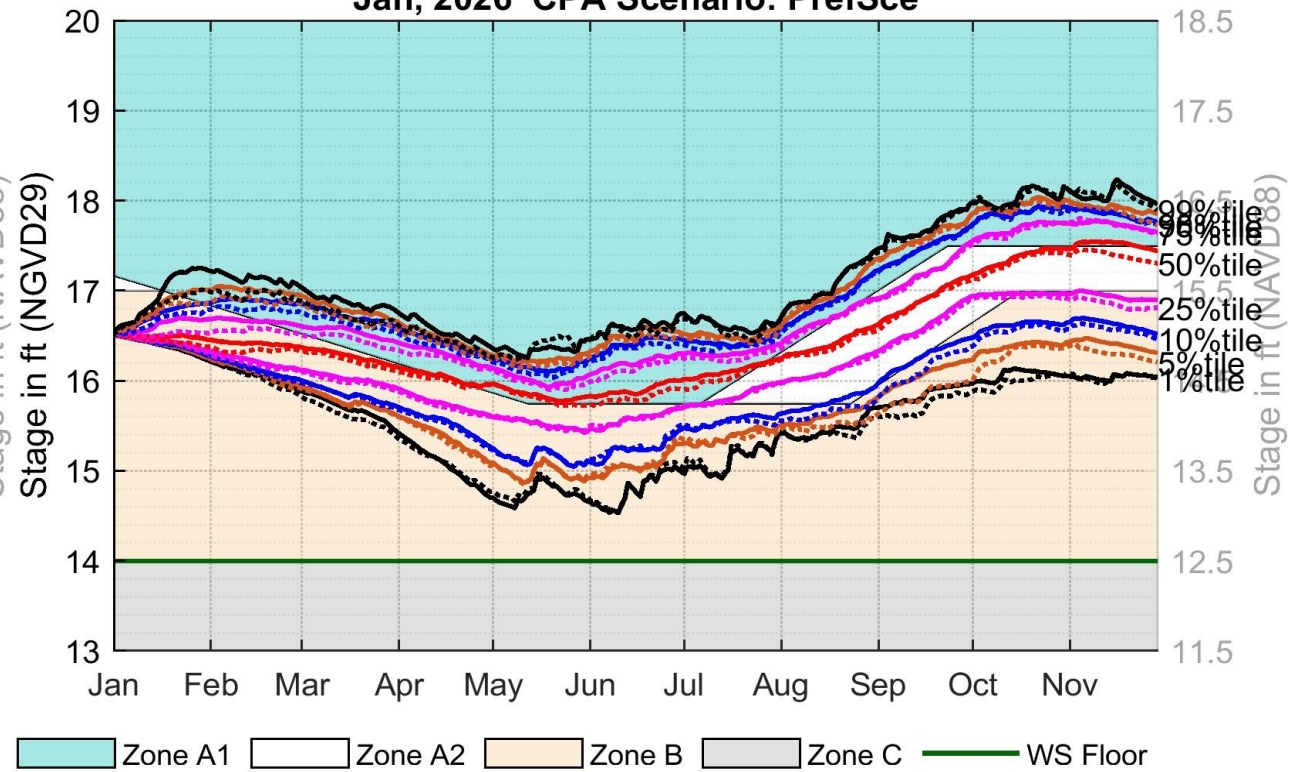
LOK

Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce



Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.30 ft for Lake Okeechobee).

January 2026 CPA: WCA1 3-Gage Avg.

**CPC****WCA1 3-Gage Avg****Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC****PrefSce****WCA1 3-Gage Avg****Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce**

Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.5 ft for WCA1).

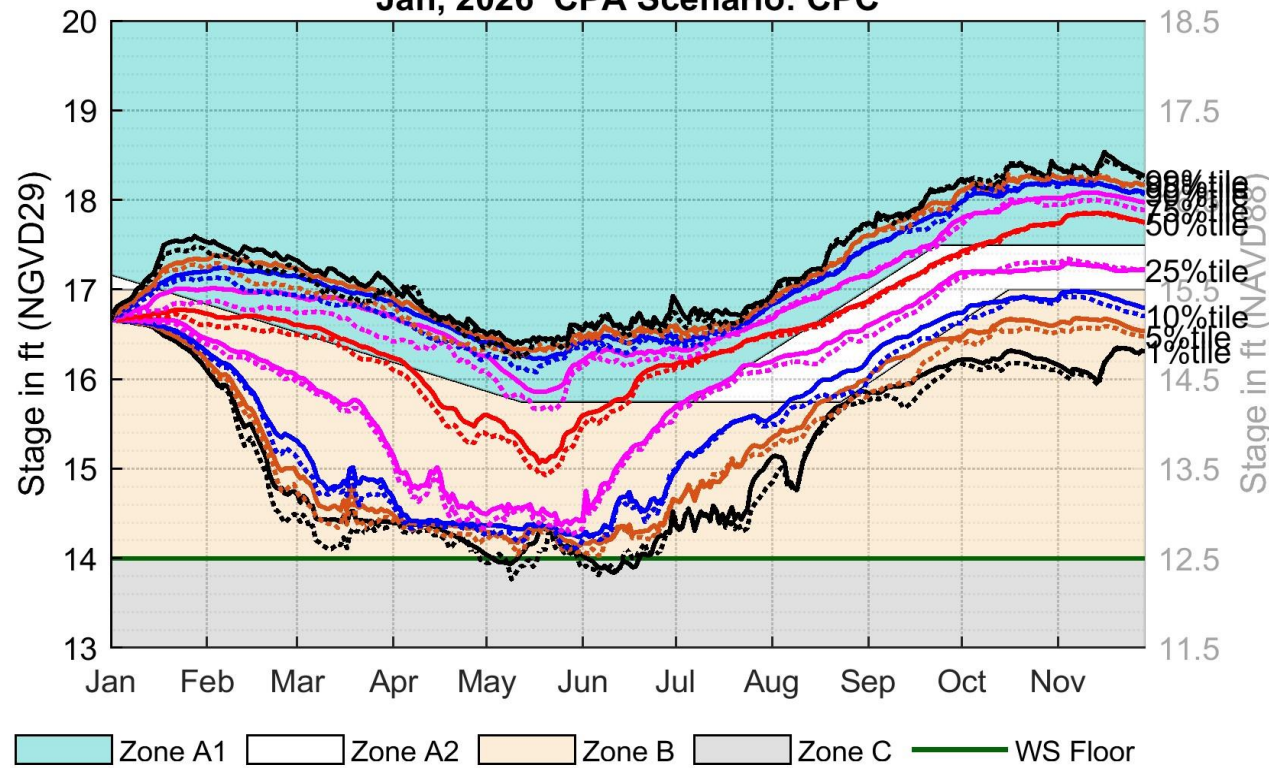
January 2026 CPA: WCA1 Site 8-C



CPC

WCA1 Site 8-C

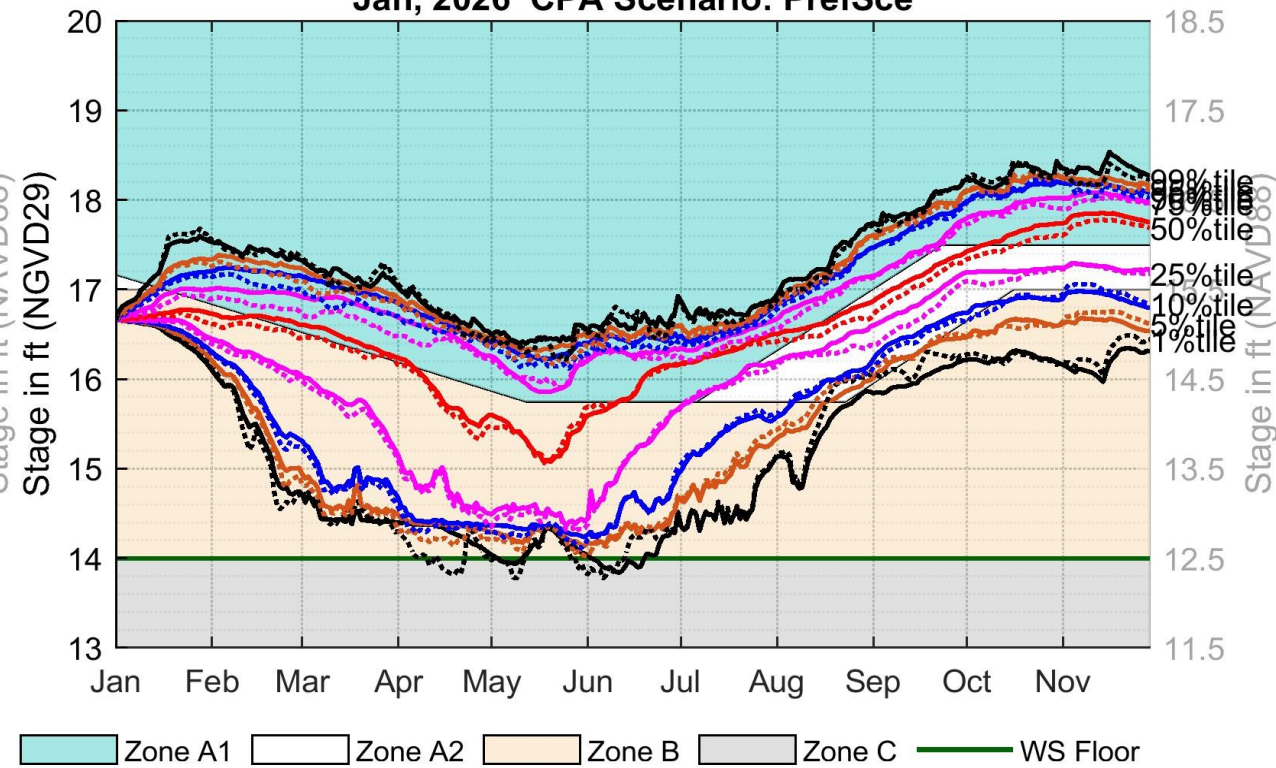
Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC



PrefSce

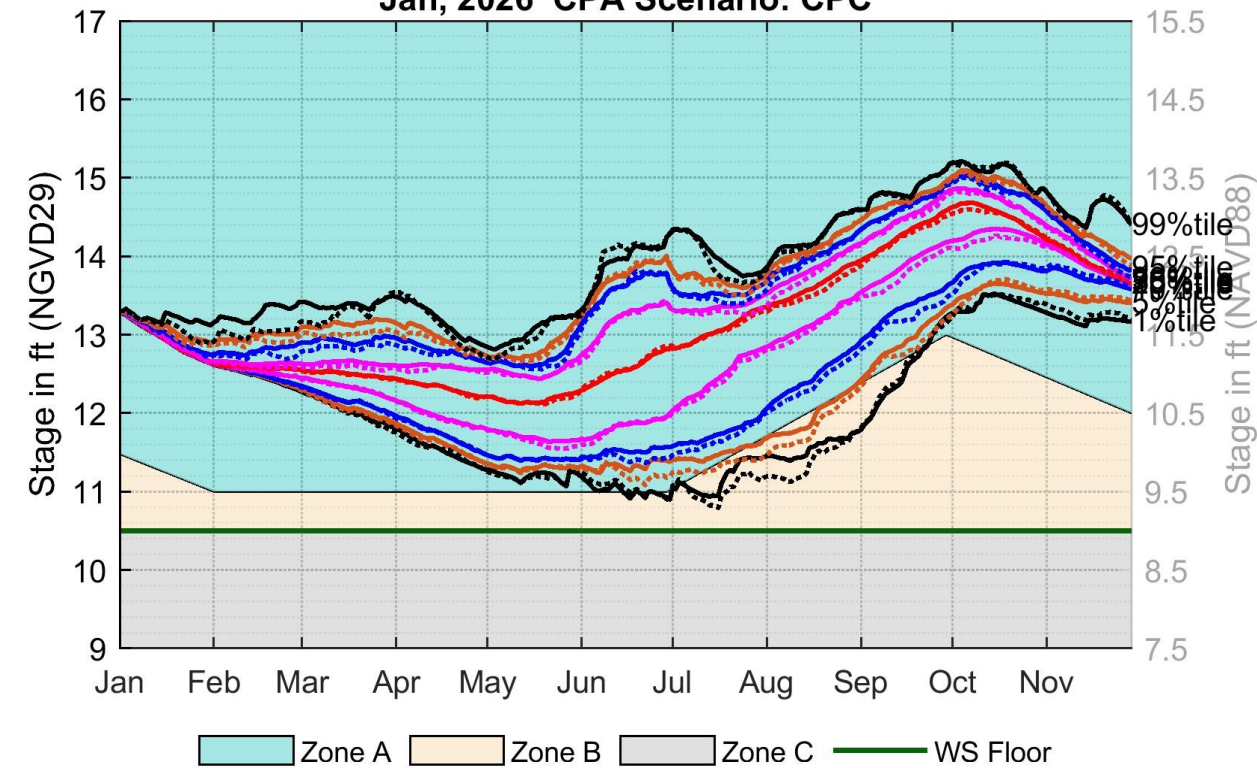
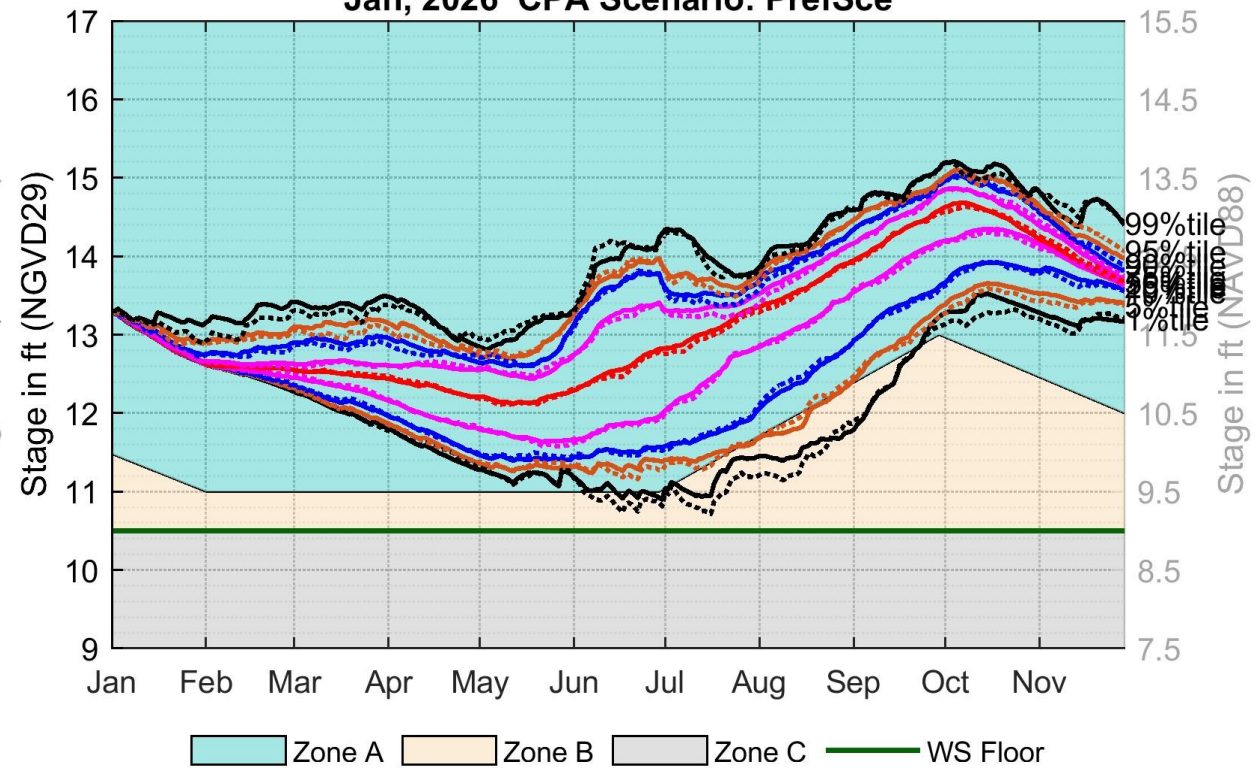
WCA1 Site 8-C

Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce



Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.5 ft for WCA1).

January 2026 CPA: WCA2A Site-17

**CPC****WCA2A Site-17****Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC****PrefSce****WCA2A Site-17****Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce**

Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.5 ft for WCA2A).

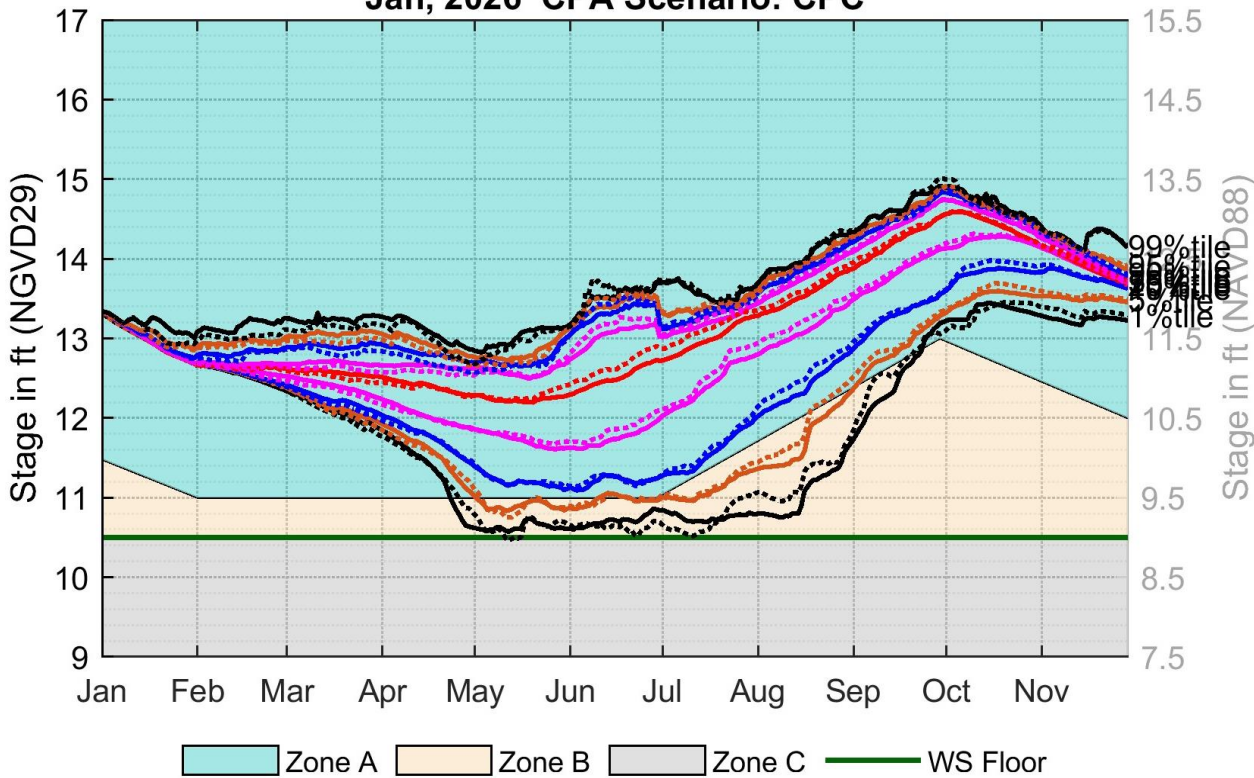
January 2026 CPA: WCA2A S11B_H



CPC

WCA2A S11B_H

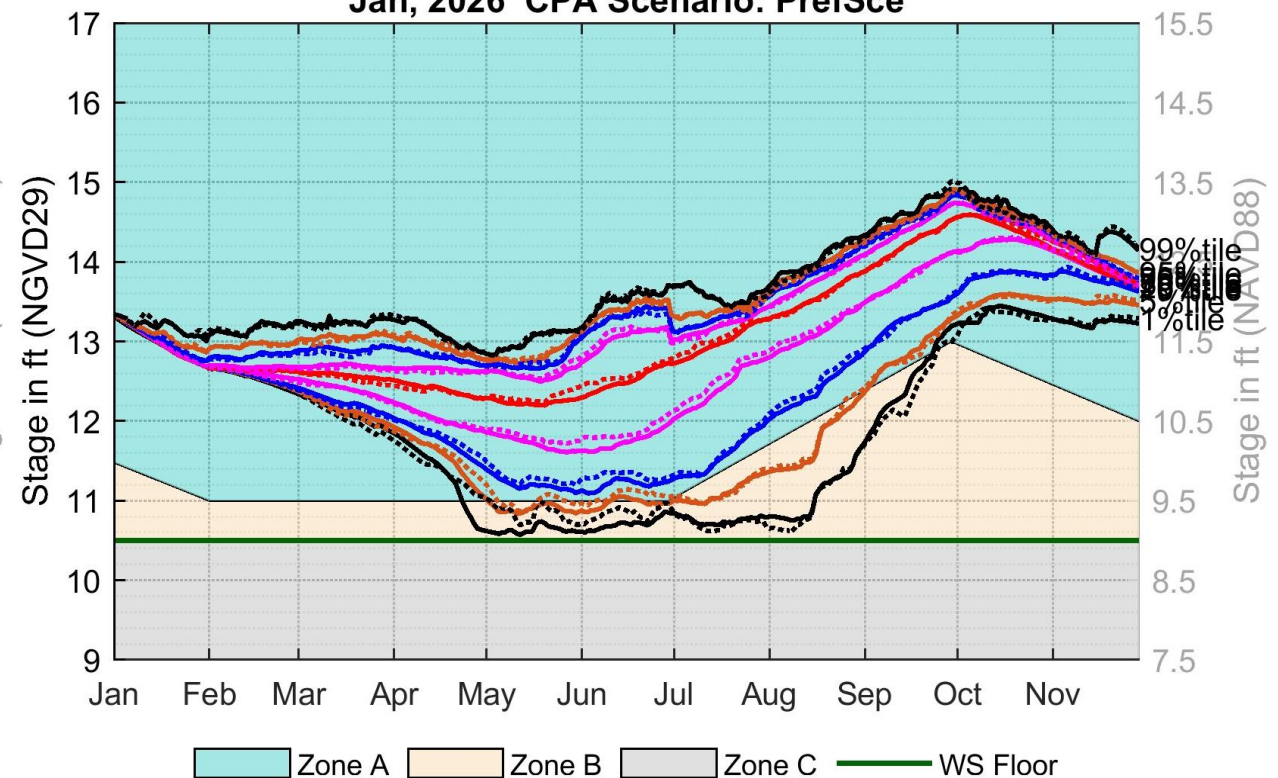
Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC



PrefSce

WCA2A S11B_H

Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce



Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.5 ft for WCA2A).

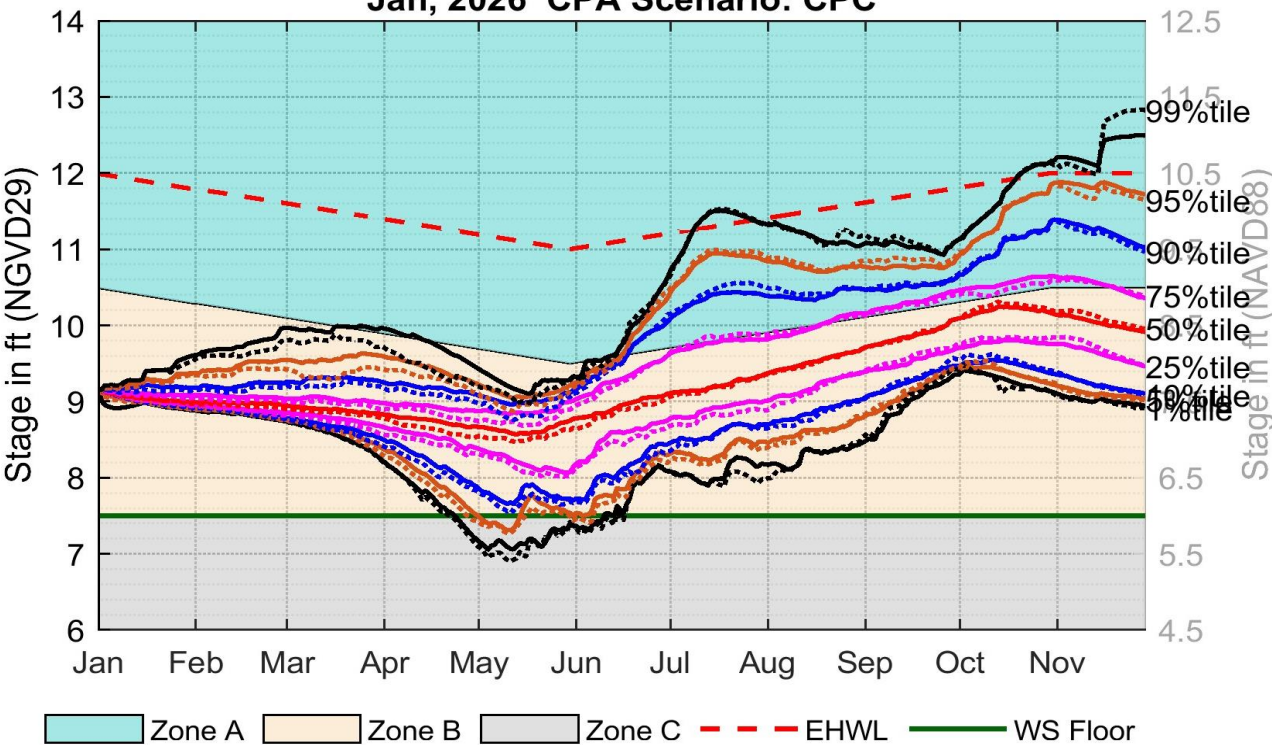
January 2026 CPA: WCA3A 3 Gage Avg.



CPC

WCA3AAvg

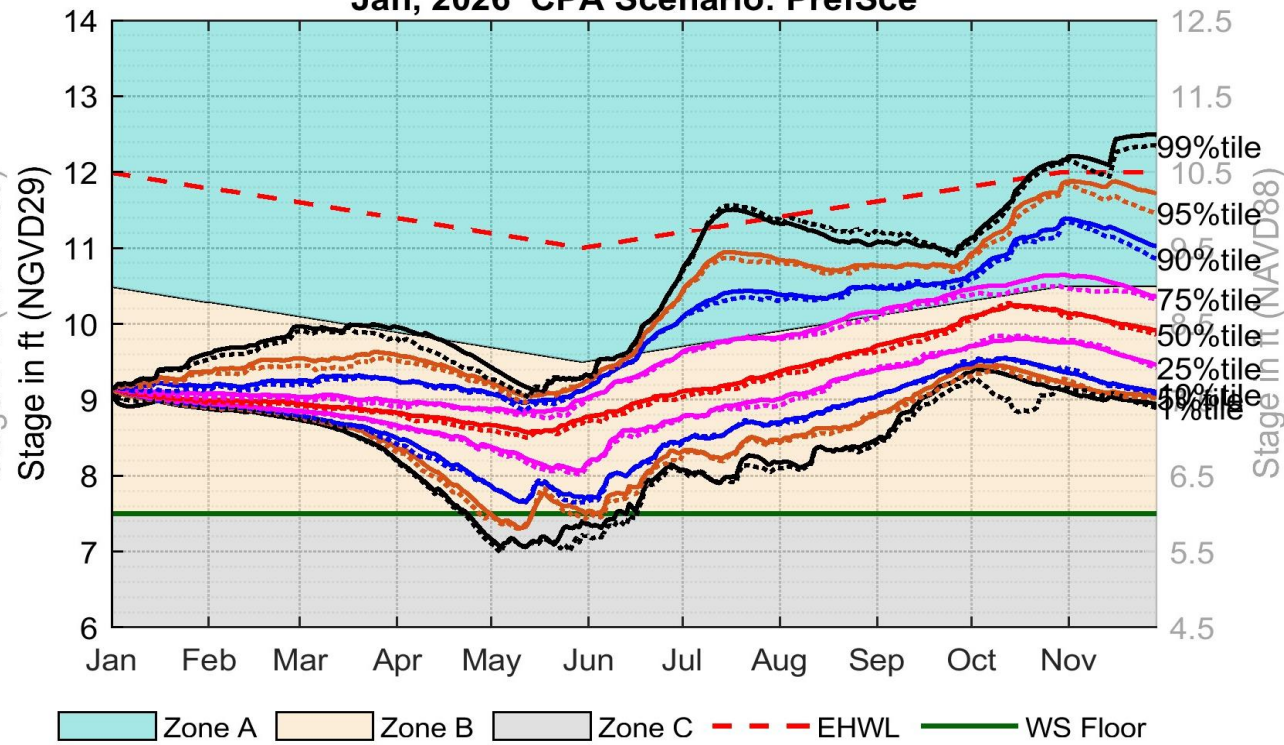
Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC



PrefSce

WCA3AAvg

Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce



Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.5 ft for WCA3A).

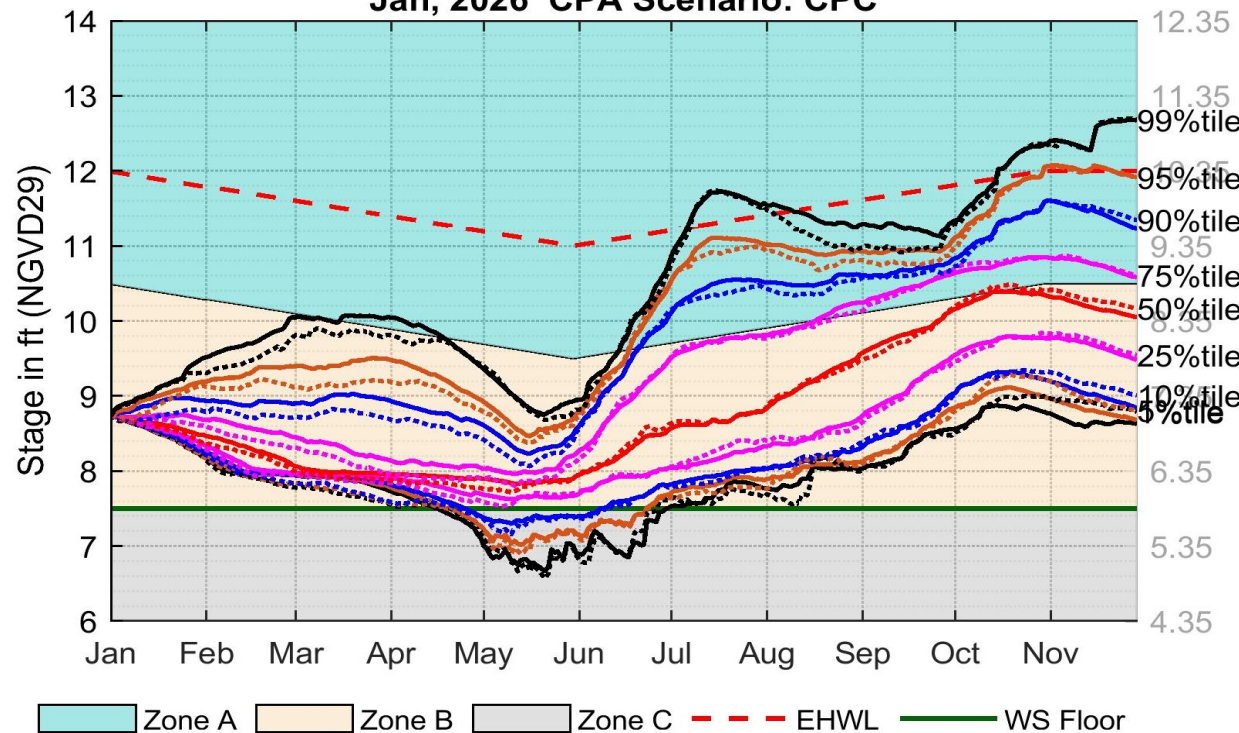
January 2026 CPA: WCA3A Site 69W



CPC

WCA3A Site 69W

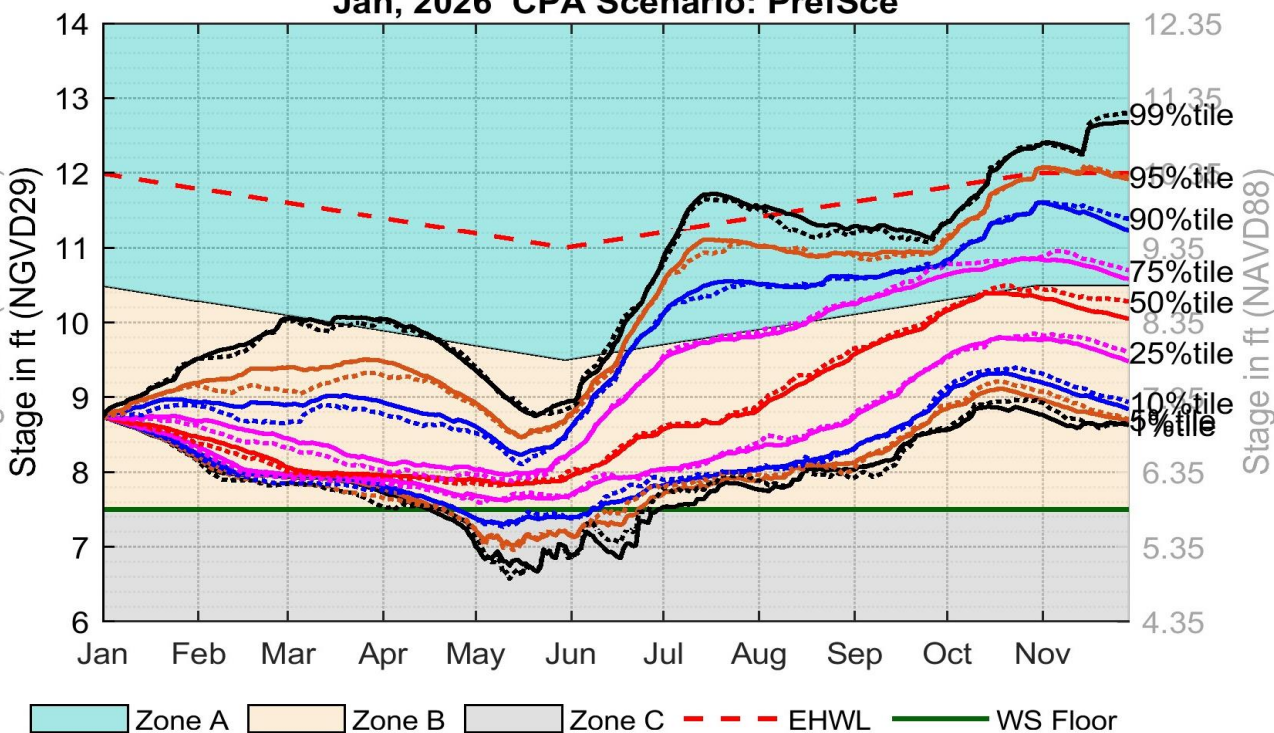
Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: CPC



PrefSce

WCA3A Site 69W

Jan, 2026 CPA Scenario: PrefSce



Secondary vertical axis shows stages in NAVD88. These stages are based on Agreed Upon Regulation Schedule Conversion Offsets between NGVD29 and NAVD88 (1.65 ft for WCA3A Site 69W).